

The Intelligencer,

Published Daily, Except Sunday.

TERMS:

Per Year, by Mail, Postage Prepaid.
DAILY (SIX DAYS IN THE WEEK) \$3.00
DAILY (THREE DAYS IN THE WEEK) \$2.00
DAILY (TWO DAYS IN THE WEEK) \$1.50
DAILY (ONE DAY) \$1.00
DAILY (ONE MONTH) \$10.00
DAILY (ONE YEAR IN ADVANCE) \$100.00
DAILY (SIX MONTHS) \$60.00

The DAILY INTELLIGENCER is delivered by carriers in Wheeling and adjacent towns at 15 cents per week.

Persons wishing to subscribe to the DAILY INTELLIGENCER can do so by sending in their orders to the INTELLIGENCER office on postal note or otherwise. They will be punctually served by carriers.

Tributes of Respect and Obituary Notices, 50 cents per line.

Correspondence containing important news collected from every part of the surrounding country.

Reflected communications will not be returned unless accompanied by sufficient postage.

INTELLIGENCER PUB. CO.,
PUBLISHERS,
25 AND 27 FOURTEENTH STREET,
WHEELING.

[The INTELLIGENCER, embracing its several editions, is entered in the Postoffice at Wheeling, W. Va., as second-class matter.]

TELEPHONE NUMBERS
Editorial Rooms 823, Counting Room 822.

The Intelligencer
WHEELING, APRIL 13, 1895.

STATE REPUBLICAN LEAGUE

Call for the Executive Committee to Select Delegates to Cleveland.

To the Executive Committee of the Republican State League of West Virginia:

We have fixed the 15th day of April, 1895, for said committee to meet at the Hotel Hamilton, in Parkersburg, at 10 o'clock a. m., to select congressional and delegate delegates to attend the National Republican League meeting to be held in Cleveland, Ohio, June 12, 13, 14 and 15, 1895. We urge that each member of the committee be present.

C. D. ELLIOTT, President.
J. W. STUCK, Secretary.

Looking to West Virginia.

From time to time the INTELLIGENCER urges that West Virginia should have a state board or commissioner to bring settlers into relations with persons willing to sell land. Here is a case which illustrates the subject. The letter is published as a specimen of a general correspondence which comes to this office, and in the hope that it may supply the Texas inquirer with such information as he seeks:

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, April 10, 1895.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer, Wheeling, W. Va.

Dear Sir:—There is quite a number of our people here who are seeking information concerning West Virginia unimproved lands, etc. And we have decided to write you for general information concerning such land, and if you will answer we will esteem it a favor on your part. We want to know in a county where there are plenty of cheap unimproved land, such as Nicholas or Randolph counties. We have written to some parties in these counties, but received no answer as yet. Perhaps you could inform us of some parties in these counties who have land for sale. How much is Tucker county from the railroad, and what is the country west in case you do not know any one who has such land for sale, perhaps you could inform us who the proper persons are to correspond with in regard to this matter.

Yours respectfully,
H. HENNINGSON,
612 W. Houston street,
San Antonio, Texas.

[There is a railroad through Tucker county, and Parsons is the county seat.]

If we had a public office charged with such duties he would know just where to turn for such land as these Texas people want, and he would soon bring together the land-owners and the settlers. In the east and in the states south of us are persons seeking new locations. They are desirable people and West Virginia would like to have them. They would profit by the change and they would help to develop the state.

Very little money and a great deal of well directed energy would accomplish a great deal in a few years. Those who come to West Virginia and good reports back to their old homes. With such natural inducements to settlers as few states can hold out, West Virginia as a state does absolutely nothing to bring herself to the attention of persons desiring to make new homes for themselves.

The voluntary movement set on foot by the INTELLIGENCER brought good results, but voluntary movements come to an end. West Virginia as a state should be in the field ready to show her goods to all who will look at them. That is the way to do business.

Owners of the wrecked buildings are very properly notified that they must begin at once to take down what is left of their walls. There is danger in every brick of them, and it will be fortunate if they can be taken down before more damage is done. The city authorities have acted with regard to the public welfare and are entitled to the public commendation.

Our Foreign Trade is Wondrous.

Recently the Boston Journal of Commerce told of three hundred cases of kerseys for men's wear that had been sent from this country to England to be sold at a price that would bring the manufacturer about 60 cents a yard.

The American Wool and Cotton Reporter, also published in Boston, pronounces the statements as ridiculous in addition to being untrue. It says that there are no lines of kerseys that can be made to sell at 60 cents in England nor in this country either. Furthermore, "no such shipment was made."

In March "two cases of low grade, piece-dyed chevrons" were shipped to England, and there have been no shipments of domestic woollens since then. Commenting generally on the subject the Wool and Cotton Reporter says:

This talk of shipping domestic woollens to England has been given far more space in the newspapers than it really deserves. It is manifestly of greater importance as the figures published in our last week's issue showing the enormous increase in the imports of manufactures of wool at the port of New York, for the first quarter of the calendar year, showing an increase in the value of \$10,000,000, and the undervaluing of foreign dress goods which is being attempted every day in the week at the New York custom house.

This feature of the situation may well impress us on this side of the ocean. Notwithstanding free wool and reduced wages and the impaired purchasing power of the people foreigners are dumping their woollens on us in enormous quantities. We cannot supply out of our own mills the woollen fabrics that are supplied out of foreign mills. Here is a distinct impairment of the resources of the country, the direct result of lower tariff duties.

Two cases of low priced, piece-dyed goods sent abroad will not compensate for "the enormous increase in the imports of manufactures of wool," the increase being more than \$10,000,000 in the first quarter of the present calendar year. It takes countless droves of water to eave on up with the great ocean.

It is in order to remind the purveyors of beef to their majesties the sovereigns of America that it isn't everybody who has a 500-barrel oil well to draw on.

Peace in the East.

A declaration of peace between China and Japan will be welcomed by the world generally as well as by China herself. It will announce the end of a contest so one-sided as to be in fact a slaughter. At no time during hostilities did China offer enough effective resistance to obstruct appreciably the Japanese plan of campaign.

The little country, inspired by amazing confidence in her own prowess, lit into a country of ten times her population. Whoever else may have doubted, Japan did not for one minute doubt her ability to whip the bulky country into terms. So it has come to pass.

On land and on sea the Japanese have simply walked over and beaten down their antagonists. The result has shown the world how relatively weak China is, and has lifted Japan not only to the first rank among Asiatic powers but to a high rank in the great family of nations.

An American admiral once sought to show how easy it would be for China, with her teeming population, to overrun this country and by the mere force of numbers to overwhelm us.

The mere force of numbers cannot prevail against improved weapons and disciplined forces under capable commanders. China will have to be made over before she can be a menace to any civilized people. This is one lesson of the war.

It's dollars to bounties that if Easter Sunday be a fine day she will be out in millinery to make a husband weep. But she will be lovely to look upon.

An Intimate Group.

A remarkable story of diabolical ingenuity comes from Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania. The wife of Simon P. Stouffer, having a liking for another man and desiring to get rid of her husband, drew their two daughters into a hideous conspiracy against the father and had him convicted of a nameless crime.

The man was sentenced to a term of fifteen years in the penitentiary. Some of his friends who believed Stouffer innocent, put detectives on the case. After great difficulty one of the daughters was induced to make a full confession, revealing the whole conspiracy against her father. The board of pardons promptly recommended, and Governor Hastings as promptly granted, a pardon. The man had served about two years of his sentence.

Thus far no steps have been taken against the woman. It is a pity that she cannot be sent to the penitentiary for life. It is doubtful whether a crime exactly like hers has ever been committed before in this country.

An Interior View of the Standard administrative council would be interesting at this time of jumping oil. If it were possible to see and to hear the would be a valuable contribution to information on the general subject.

What Will the Senate do?

There are sanguine predictions while the new house of representatives will be ready enough to repeal the income tax the senate will stand way. This is very hard to believe, may favor the principle of an income tax and yet with astuteness disapprove such a measure as Congress has put up.

Nobody who has any sense as it passed and as it is the decision of the senate that it is not equitable it should not be allowed to stand.

The senate is not in such favor with the people as it used to be. It is difficult to excite further the popular resentment. The people know that the income tax is discriminating and unjust in its operations and they expect it to be wiped out.

SELF-DEFENSE is the verdict of the coroner's jury in the Kentucky tragedy. It seems to have been, but it is deplorable nevertheless. Men of the intelligence of these men should have known a better way to settle their troubles. In a case they were both victims of an unwholesome public sentiment. In Kentucky as in some other states, the revolver is too much in evidence.

It is plain that in the latest Kentucky tragedy the man who was killed was the immediate aggressor. Banker Stanford tried to kill State Senator Gosholt on sight. He certainly fired first and the ball went through the skirt of Gosholt's coat. Gosholt's quickness and steady hand saved his life. Men of their station should be able to settle differences of opinion without pulling the trigger.

By the weather sharp shows his business the heavy rain of last night is to be followed today by cold weather. The rain is good, but the cold may be bad for vegetation.

A YAKAZO oil was selling at 55 cents a barrel. No wonder that men who are fortunate enough to have oil to sell in these days are wearing a ten-acre smile.

Three young women of Ellensburg, Wash., left there on Sunday to seek their fortunes in the gold fields of Alaska. Their outfit included, among other things, a small sailboat in which they will make the trip up to Forty-Mile creek, a 1,700 miles.

Some years ago the famous Duke of Newcastle's estate which had not been empty for years, was drained off when a crop of pike were found, some of their enormous size, was a very great asset.

The Muscovite shoe is hand made on a wooden frame, and little leather is paid to the shape of the shoe. It is generally made of colored cordage and woolen cloth.

Dr. Charles W. Dabney, jr., chairman of the United States government for the Cotton States and International Exposition, has been in Atlanta making arrangements for the government exhibit.

The oldest joint stock company now existing is the New River Company, of London, which was incorporated by royal charter in the year 1619. Its shares now bring almost fabulous prices.

The fact that the white house of the Confederacy is now used for a colored school house is calculated to make the last cause turn over in its coffin. Boston Herald.

The largest gold coin in existence is said to be the gold ingot or "loaf" of Annam, a flat, round piece, worth about \$325, the value being written on it in Indian ink.

One of the valuable treasures in the Lenox library, in New York, is an unbroken file of the London Times, from 1805 to the present time.

For the hide of a full crown giraffe, greatly sought after in Africa for whip and saddle making, the native hunters got from \$15 to \$25.

Panama is a Caribbean word, meaning "mad fish," an allusion to the abundance of this variety on both sides of the isthmus.

The Greeks have two places of worship in New York city, where the service is carried on in the Greek tongue.

PERSONAL POINTS.

Senor Canovas del Castillo, at the head of the new Spanish ministry, is one of the homeliest men in Europe, being squat, paunchy, and asymmetrical, with a face that is intensely unprepossessing. He is a reactionist of the most pronounced kind and a thorough believer in the divine right of kings to do as they everlastingly please. His wife is a very haughty and unpopular woman.

The President is having his portrait painted by Don M. Dickinson, of Detroit. The artist is a young Michigan man, who has gone to Washington to secure the necessary approvals. The hardest feature of Mr. Cleveland's face to paint is his eyes, which are remarkably blue and, it is said, choleric.

At recent ball in Paris Mme. Casimir Perier wore more pearls and diamonds than any other woman present. She displayed more gems than she had the habit of wearing upon mistresses of Elysée.

Mr. Chinkolev, the author of the popular book on athletes, says that he takes to suppose that athletes eat meals and sleep have the same health.

The postmaster at New York City, James A. Hail, and his wife, who were at his office during the recent fire, lost only two cents.

New England. The bar iron manufacturers of Ohio, Illinois, Indiana and several other states were again in session at the Weddell House today.

An organization was completed at the morning session by the election of the following officers: President, W. E. Taylor, of the Union Iron Company, of Youngstown, Ohio; vice president, Major Collins, of the Central Iron and Steel Company, Brazil, Ind.; secretary, George W. Clarke, of the Mitchell Tractor Company, Cincinnati, Ohio; treasurer, James Corns, of Joseph Corns & Co., Massillon, Ohio. Executive committee, W. E. Taylor, Major Collins, George W. Clarke, Scott Connell and Frank B. Felt. At the afternoon session the chief topic under discussion was the present low prices on bar iron and the advisability of making a general advance on the same.

Guilty of Assault.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

MARTINSBURG, W. Va., April 12.—J. C. Thompson, who has been on trial here for shooting A. H. McKelvey, of Brunswick, Md., was found guilty of assault and battery. The shooting occurred last November and it was feared at the time that McKelvey's wound would prove fatal, but he has since fully recovered.

New Postmaster.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 12.—N. A. Ensminger has been appointed postmaster at Robinson's Mill, Wetzel county, Vice H. P. Adams resigned.

Examining Surgeon.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 12.—Dr. J. E. Clayton has been appointed a pension examining surgeon at Glenview.

J. A. Richardson, of Jefferson City, Mo., chief enrolling force thirty-fourth general assembly of Missouri, writes: I wish to testify to the merits of One Minute Cough Cure. When other so-called cures failed, I obtained almost instant relief and a speedy cure by the use of One Minute Cough Cure. Logan Drug Co., Wheeling, W. Va., R. F. Peabody, Benwood, and Bowie & Co., Bridgeport, O.

Short Journeys on a Long Road is the characteristic title of a profusely illustrated book containing over one hundred pages of charmingly written descriptions of summer resorts in the country north and west of Chicago. The reading matter is new, the illustrations are up to date and the information therein will be new to almost everyone. A copy of "Short Journeys on a Long Road" will be sent free to anyone who will enclose ten cents (to pay postage) to GEORGE H. HEAVEN, General Passenger Agent Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, Chicago, Ill.

The Pan-Handle Dressing establishment, owned by John Heilmann, at No. 1431 Market street, is the best equipped house of its kind in Wheeling. In addition to the dyeing and cleaning department a corps of first-class tailors are employed, who can do repairing as neat as it is possible. Clean and ladies' garments, cleaned or dyed, can be made to look like new. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Children Cry for

Pitcher's Castoria.

A CONSUMPTION REMEDY.
Important Discovery of an American Scientist in Germany.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—United States Consul General Charles DeKay, at Berlin, believes that an American physician has discovered the means of curing consumption, lupus, and perhaps cancer. In a report to the state department he says that the coming medical congress at Munich is likely to give no little attention to the discovery made by Dr. J. C. Walden, a native of New York, who is now in the German medical corps as an extraordinary action of military injections of pilocarpine, a crystalline extract from the Brazilian jaborandi plant, on the lymphatic system. This in a sense completes the celebrated "oil serum" acting favorably on patients when the serum does not cure. The consul general describes the long and patient investigations made by Dr. Walden in European hospitals leading up to his great discovery, and incidentally proving the truth of his theory on the relation of the lymphatic system to disease like lupus as well as cancer and other forms, to diphtheria and other diseases still.

The key of the discovery is this: By five injections of minute doses of pilocarpine in the veins he arrives at a stimulation of the lymphatic system, and at the same time the poisons in the blood, which, in the case of cancer, are certainly overabundant and renders harmless these poisons. The discoverer strongly urges physicians to try pilocarpine in all cases of consumption, and in other diseases involving the lymphatic system. He has satisfied himself that it is a trustworthy test for the presence of tuberculosis in man and animal. The report closes with a statement that the cure of twenty-two years' cancer, regarded as incurable, which he believed immediately after the discovery, and is now almost healed.

THE WAY.

To Secure Right of the Republic Party—St. Louis, Mo., April 12.—In an address before the Republican Club in New York, N. Y., on the 10th inst., Mr. John C. Calhoun, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Particulars. Calhoun, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

"With Wads" Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Important Discovery of an American Scientist in Germany.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—United States Consul General Charles DeKay, at Berlin, believes that an American physician has discovered the means of curing consumption, lupus, and perhaps cancer. In a report to the state department he says that the coming medical congress at Munich is likely to give no little attention to the discovery made by Dr. J. C. Walden, a native of New York, who is now in the German medical corps as an extraordinary action of military injections of pilocarpine, a crystalline extract from the Brazilian jaborandi plant, on the lymphatic system. This in a sense completes the celebrated "oil serum" acting favorably on patients when the serum does not cure. The consul general describes the long and patient investigations made by Dr. Walden in European hospitals leading up to his great discovery, and incidentally proving the truth of his theory on the relation of the lymphatic system to disease like lupus as well as cancer and other forms, to diphtheria and other diseases still.

The key of the discovery is this: By five injections of minute doses of pilocarpine in the veins he arrives at a stimulation of the lymphatic system, and at the same time the poisons in the blood, which, in the case of cancer, are certainly overabundant and renders harmless these poisons. The discoverer strongly urges physicians to try pilocarpine in all cases of consumption, and in other diseases involving the lymphatic system. He has satisfied himself that it is a trustworthy test for the presence of tuberculosis in man and animal. The report closes with a statement that the cure of twenty-two years' cancer, regarded as incurable, which he believed immediately after the discovery, and is now almost healed.

THE WAY.

To Secure Right of the Republic Party—St. Louis, Mo., April 12.—In an address before the Republican Club in New York, N. Y., on the 10th inst., Mr. John C. Calhoun, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Particulars. Calhoun, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

"With Wads" Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of the right of the Republic Party to the Presidency.

Harlow, of the Republican Party, made an address on the subject of